CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024



### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
Corporate information	1
Statement of the Legal representative	2
Independent Auditor's report	3
Consolidated balance sheet (Form B 01 – DN/HN)	5
Consolidated income statement (Form B 02 – DN/HN)	8
Consolidated cash flow statement (Form B 03 – DN/HN)	9
Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Form B 09 – DN/HN)	10

### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

<b>Enterprise</b>	registration
certificat	_

No. 1400112623 dated 17 April 2007 was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Thap Province and the lastest 18<sup>th</sup> amendment dated 11 March 2025 was issued by the Department of Finance of Dong Thap Province

### **Board of Directors**

Ms. Truong Thi Le Khanh Chairperson
Ms. Nguyen Ngo Vi Tam Member
Ms. Truong Tuyet Hoa Member
Ms. Nguyen Thi Kim Dao Member

Mr. Nguyen Bao Anh Mr. Bui Ba Trung Independent member Independent member

### **Board of Supervision**

Ms. Nguyen Thi Cam Van Head Mr. Nguyen Quang Vinh Member Mr. Mai Thanh Trong Nhan Member

### **Board of Management**

Ms. Nguyen Ngo Vi Tam
Mr. Huynh Duc Trung
Ms. Nguyen Thi Kim Dao
Ms. Ho Thanh Hue
Ms. Truong Tuyet Hoa
Ms. Tran Thi Hoang Thu

Chief Executive Officer
Head of Health and Safety
Chief Financial Officer
Head of Production
Head of Sales - Seafood
Head of Sales - Vinh Wellness
and Vinh Agri

Legal representative

Ms. Truong Thi Le Khanh

Chairperson

### Registered office

National Highway 30, My Ngai Ward, Cao Lanh City, Dong Thap Province, Vietnam

### **Auditor**

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

16

۲

### VINH HOAN CORPORATION

### STATEMENT OF THE LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

Statement of responsibility of the Legal representative of the Company in respect of the consolidated financial statements

The Legal representative of Vinh Hoan Corporation ("the Company") is responsible for preparing consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended. In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the Legal representative of the Company is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going-concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Legal representative of the Company is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position of the Group and which enable consolidated financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The Legal representative of the Company is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or error.

### Approval of the consolidated financial statements

I hereby approve the accompanying consolidated financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 55 which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.



Truong Thi Le Khanh Chairperson Legal Representative

Dong Thap Province, SR Vietnam 28 March 2025



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF VINH HOAN CORPORATION

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Vinh Hoan Corporation ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") which were prepared on 31 December 2024 and approved by the Legal representative of the Company on 28 March 2025. The consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2024, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 5 to 55.

### The Legal representative's Responsibility

The Legal representative of the Company is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements of the Group in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control which the Legal representative determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical standards and requirements and plan and perform the audit in order to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements of the Group are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Group's preparation and true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Legal representative, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

И

N



### **Auditor's Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

### Other Matter

The independent auditor's report is prepared in Vietnamese and English. Should there be any conflict between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall take precedence.

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited

CÔNG TY Z TNHH PWC (VIỆT NAM) \*

> Pham Thai Hung Audit Practising Licence No. 3444-2025-006-1 Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HCM16587 Ho Chi Minh City, 28 March 2025 Truong Hoang Anh Audit Practising Licence No. 4594-2023-006-1

### **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

			As at 31 December		
			2024	2023	
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND	
100	CURRENT ASSETS		8,238,447,590,991	7,888,156,657,832	
110	Cash and cash equivalents	3	570,012,125,911	232,805,453,082	
111	Cash		568,912,125,911	232,805,453,082	
112	Cash equivalents		1,100,000,000	-	
120	Short-term investments		2,340,406,525,686	2,068,507,997,500	
121	Trading securities	4(a)	161,593,749,801	181,207,601,155	
122	Provision for diminution in value of				
	trading securities	4(a)	(41,752,806,201)	(38,884,103,655)	
123	Investments held to maturity	4(b)	2,220,565,582,086	1,926,184,500,000	
130	Short-term receivables		2,200,504,540,314	1,577,896,986,414	
131	Short-term trade accounts receivable	5	1,851,065,385,738	1,438,581,654,081	
132	Short-term prepayments to suppliers	6	314,252,842,657	103,435,378,308	
136	Other short-term receivables	7	42,152,978,245	42,038,075,351	
137	Provision for doubtful debts – short-term		(6,966,666,326)	(6,158,121,326)	
140	Inventories	8	2,914,883,330,804	3,763,498,912,609	
141	Inventories		3,159,305,888,179	4,184,850,311,711	
149	Provision for decline in value of				
	inventories		(244,422,557,375)	(421,351,399,102)	
150	Other current assets		212,641,068,276	245,447,308,227	
151	Short-term prepaid expenses		15,863,032,771	13,360,715,097	
152	Value added tax ("VAT") to be reclaimed	14(a)	196,778,035,505	231,936,593,130	
153	Tax and other receivables from the State	- 7	-	150,000,000	

11

JG Þμ HC

### NIN IN IN

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As at 31 D	ecember
		·	2024	2023
Code	ASSETS (continued)	Note	VND	VND
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		3,995,732,630,546	4,054,392,813,318
210	Long-term receivables		1,548,813,275	2,871,356,075
216	Other long-term receivables		1,548,813,275	2,871,356,075
220	Fixed assets		3,415,114,149,837	3,383,339,452,872
221	Tangible fixed assets	10(a)	2,944,000,097,264	2,920,796,646,213
222	Historical cost		5,359,639,698,567	4,952,017,221,796
223	Accumulated depreciation		(2,415,639,601,303)	(2,031,220,575,583)
227	Intangible fixed assets	10(b)	471,114,052,573	462,542,806,659
228	Historical cost		555,595,802,285	524,268,583,375
229	Accumulated amortisation		(84,481,749,712)	(61,725,776,716)
240	Long-term assets in progress		109,478,057,239	159,945,648,828
242	Construction in progress	11	109,478,057,239	159,945,648,828
250	Long-term investments		69,482,351,695	67,242,951,618
252	Investment in an associate	4(c)	13,539,921,717	11,300,521,640
253	Investments in other entities		5,942,429,978	5,942,429,978
255	Investments held to maturity	4(b)	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
260	Other long-term assets		400,109,258,500	440,993,403,925
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	9	204,832,933,286	213,020,982,434
262	Deferred income tax assets	20(a)	4,920,025,714	2,499,442,324
269	Goodwill	12	190,356,299,500	225,472,979,167
270	TOTAL ASSETS		12,234,180,221,537	11,942,549,471,150

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As at 31 December		
		•	2024	2023	
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND	
300	LIABILITIES		3,240,574,236,572	3,351,493,695,011	
310	Short-term liabilities		3,183,722,367,033	3,232,914,913,265	
311	Short-term trade accounts payable	13	277,792,113,348	308,584,163,295	
312	Short-term advances from customers		36,847,487,571	16,466,420,387	
313	Tax and other payables to the State	14(b)	61,084,003,387	133,711,886,921	
314	Payables to employees	15	264,815,428,393	210,419,210,495	
315	Short-term accrued expenses	16	68,322,274,083	176,965,442,997	
319	Other short-term payables	17	94,662,500,960	98,504,177,512	
320	Short-term borrowings	18(a)	2,277,106,532,564	2,157,386,405,831	
322	Bonus and welfare funds	21	103,092,026,727	130,877,205,827	
330	Long-term liabilities		56,851,869,539	118,578,781,746	
337	Other long-term payables		531,886,500	· · · · -	
338	Long-term borrowings	18(b)	-	101,863,000,000	
341	Deferred income tax liabilities	20(b)	6,520,214,320	8,060,012,568	
342	Provision for long-term liabilities	19´	18,836,176,120	8,352,244,491	
343	Fund for scientific and technological				
	development	22	30,963,592,599	303,524,687	
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		8,993,605,984,965	8,591,055,776,139	
410	Capital and reserves		8,993,605,984,965	8,591,055,776,139	
411	Owners' capital	23, 24	2,244,531,590,000	1,870,444,950,000	
411a	- Ordinary shares with voting rights	•	2,244,531,590,000	1,870,444,950,000	
412	Share premium	24	263,561,289,678	263,561,289,678	
417	Foreign exchange differences	24	(361,485,161)	259,040,388	
<b>4</b> 21	Undistributed earnings	24	6,167,569,660,225	6,213,263,998,030	
421a	<ul> <li>Undistributed post-tax profits of</li> </ul>				
	previous years		4,941,364,722,030	5,295,111,718,768	
421b	- Post-tax profits of current year		1,226,204,938,195	918,152,279,262	
429	Non-controlling interests	24	318,304,930,223	243,526,498,043	
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		12,234,180,221,537	11,942,549,471,150	

Ha Thi Phuong Thuy Hong Nhung Preparer and Chief Accountant

Mund

Truong Thi Le Khanh Legal representative 28 March 2025

The notes on pages 10 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

Ha Thi Phuong Thuy Hong Nhung Preparer and Chief Accountant

			Year ended 3	1 December
Code		Note	2024 VND	2023 VND
01	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		12,567,803,303,224	10,075,768,816,568
02	Less deductions		(55,009,822,179)	(42,752,364,474)
10	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	27	12,512,793,481,045	10,033,016,452,094
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	28	(10,617,752,697,948)	(8,540,191,778,235)
20	Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services		1,895,040,783,097	1,492,824,673,859
21 22 23 24 25 26	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expense Profit sharing from associate Selling expenses General and administration expenses	29 30 30 4(c) 31 32	423,311,813,167 (216,754,271,673) (73,329,339,325) 2,239,400,077 (296,508,835,027) (357,769,168,574)	377,047,027,503 (228,560,765,049) (133,346,693,090) 800,693,951 (216,294,674,914) (307,655,327,848)
30	Net operating profit		1,449,559,721,067	1,118,161,627,502
31 32 <b>40</b>	Other income Other expenses Net other income	33	66,282,923,431 (31,217,534,422) <b>35,065,389,009</b>	50,022,102,680 (23,155,469,799) <b>26,866,632,881</b>
50	Accounting profit before tax		1,484,625,110,076	1,145,028,260,383
51 52	Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current CIT - deferred	34 20, 34	(185,937,868,339) 3,960,381,638	(169,226,702,958) (2,044,716,118)
60	Profit after tax		1,302,647,623,375	973,756,841,307
61 62	Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		1,226,204,938,195 76,442,685,180	919,191,032,965 54,565,808,342
70 71	Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	25 25	CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN VINH HOÀN	4,103 4,103

The notes on pages 10 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Truong Thi Le Khanh

Legal representative 28 March 2025

### **CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT** (Indirect method)

		Year ended 31 December		
		•	2024	2023
Code		Note	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Accounting profit before tax  Adjustments for:		1,484,625,110,076	1,145,028,260,383
02	Depreciation, amortisation of fixed assets and	40 40 05	AEG 470 004 000	402,253,182,629
20	allocation of goodwill	10, 12, 35	456,178,821,893 (162,252,190,552)	(14,037,225,222)
03	Reversal of provisions	20		
04	Unrealised foreign exchange gains	29	(27,022,141,806)	(30,553,815,599) (134,239,852,408)
05	Profits from investing activities	20	(122,522,215,673)	
06	Interest expense	30	73,329,339,325	133,346,693,090
08	Operating profit before changes in working capital		1,702,336,723,263	<b>1,501,797,242,873</b> 718,606,666,707
09	(Increase)/decrease in receivables		(535,335,513,849)	
10	Decrease/(increase) in inventories		1,025,794,423,532	(855,599,830,220)
<b>1</b> 1	Increase/(decrease) in payables		212,186,482,877	(352,075,031,629)
12	Decrease in prepaid expenses		9,499,311,253	19,323,683,891
13	Decrease/(increase) in trading securities		19,613,851,354	(1,888,141,799)
14	Interest paid		(73,949,592,731)	(132,956,870,630)
15	CIT paid	14	(258,829,640,506)	(315,269,829,637)
17	Other payments on operating activities		(28,300,651,100)	(34,921,448,295)
20	Net cash inflows from operating activities		2,073,015,394,093	547,016,441,261
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchases of fixed assets and other long-term assets		(677,527,089,191)	(676,969,024,318)
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets		, , , , ,	•
	and long-term assets		2,320,677,311	4,491,383,168
23	Cash disbursed for term deposits at banks		(4, 171, 435, 575, 237)	(3,551,994,500,000)
24	Collection of term deposits at banks		3,877,054,493,151	3,290,982,798,630
27	Dividends and interest received		114,542,027,511	140,217,977,382
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		(855,045,466,455)	(793,271,365,138)
Ju	Net oddii oddiowo ii olii iliyootiilig dodyiiloo		(,,,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,-
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
31	Proceeds from issuance of share and increase			E6 67E 200 000
	capital from non-controlling interests	40	- 40 000 044 400 000	56,675,390,000
33	Proceeds from borrowings	18	10,620,041,480,808	11,256,281,203,319
34	Repayments of borrowings	18		(11,385,487,660,545)
36	Dividends paid		(897,789,190,000)	(70 504 007 000)
40	Net cash outflows from financing activities		(879,932,063,267)	(72,531,067,226)
50	Net increase/(decrease) in cash		338,037,864,371	(318,785,991,103)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3	232,805,453,082	553,169,450,129
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences		(831,191,542)	(1,578,005,944)
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3	570,012,125,911	232,805,453,082

Additional information relating to the consolidated cash flow statements of th

gresented in Note 36.

Ha Thi Phuong Thuy Hong Nhung Preparer and Chief Accountant

Truong Thi Le Khanh Legal representative

28 March 2025

The notes on pages 10 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Vinh Hoan Corporation ("the Company") is a joint stock company which was transformed from Vinh Hoan Co., Ltd. established in SR Vietnam pursuant to the initial Enterprise registration certificate No. 1400112623, which was issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Thap Province on 17 April 2007 with the latest 18<sup>th</sup> amended which was issued by the Department of Finance of Dong Thap Province on 11 March 2025 to update the address due to the merger of administrative units.

The Company's shares started to be traded on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange ("HOSE") on 24 December 2007 in accordance with Decision No. 179/QD-SGDHCM issued by HOSE with the ticker symbol "VHC".

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") are:

- growing domestic aquaculture; processing and preserving aquatic products and products made from aquatic products; trading aquatic products, materials serving the production and processing of aquatic products and processing of aquatic feed;
- extracting and manufacturing of hydrolized collagen and gelatin for medicine, cosmetics and food;
- producing and trading food: shrimp-chips, noodles, rice noodles; and
- process and preserve vegetables.

The normal business cycle of the Group is within 12 months.

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the Company had 8 subsidiaries and 1 associate. The details are presented below:

			2024	l	2023	}
	Principal activities	Address of registered Office	Ownership rights (%)	Voting rights (%)	Ownership rights (%)	Voting rights (%)
Subsidiaries Vinh Phuoc Food Co., Ltd (*)	Manufacturing and preserving aquatic products and products made from aquatic products	An Phu Hamlet, An Nhon Commune, Chau Thanh District, Dong Thap Province	100	100	100	100
Vinh Hoan Collagen Co., Ltd.	Extracting and manufacturing of collagen and gelatin	National Highway 30, My Ngai Ward, Cao Lanh City, Dong Thap Province	100	100	100	100
Thanh Binh Dong Thap One Member Co., Ltd	Manufacturing and preserving aquatic products and products made from aquatic products	Industrial Cluster Thanh Binh, Binh Thanh Commune, Thanh Binh District, Dong Thap Province	100	100	100	100

# N TAI

### **GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)**

			2024	1	202	3
	Principal activities	Address of registered office	Ownership rights (%)	Voting rights (%)	Ownership rights (%)	Voting rights (%)
Subsidiaries ( Vinh Hoan Fish Hatchery Co., Ltd	continued) Fish hatchery	Vinh Buong Hamlet, Vinh Hoa Commune, Thanh Binh District, Dong Thap Province	99.33	99.33	99.33	99.33
Feed One Company Limited	Manufacturing livestock and aquatic feeds	Industrial Cluster My Hiep, My Hiep Commune, Cao Lanh District, Dong Thap Province		. 75	75	. 75
Sa Giang Import Export Corporation	Manufacturing shrimp chips, rice products and drinking water	Lot CII-3, Industrial Park C, Tan Quy Dong Ward, Sa Dec City, Dong Thap Province	76.72	76.72	76.72	76.72
Vinh Technology Pte Ltd	Import and export trading of seafood products, and functional foods	1 Scotts Road #24- 10, Shaw Center, Singapore	100	100	100	100
Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Corporation (**)	Producing and preserving vegetables	An Phu Hamlet, An Nhon Commune, Chau Thanh District, Dong Thap Province	90	90	90	90
Associate Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited	Processing and disposing non-hazadous waste	My Dong Bon Hamlet, My Tho Commune, Cao Lanh City, Dong Thap Province	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5

162.

11-1

### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

- (\*) Pursuant to the Resolution of the Board of Directors dated 8 April 2024, the Board of Directors approved a capital commitment increase of VND350,000,000,000 in Vinh Phuoc Food Company Limited. As at 31 December 2024, the charter capital has been fully contributed.
- (\*\*) According to the enterprise registration certificate dated 1 July 2024, Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Company Limited has transformed its type of business to Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Corporation.

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments in associates and business combinations as presented in Note 2.5.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam's. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

The consolidated financial statements in the Vietnamese language are the official statutory consolidated financial statements of the Group. The consolidated financial statements in the English language have been translated from the Vietnamese version.

### 2.2 Fiscal year

The Group's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

### 10/2 x = 10/1

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.3 Currency

The consolidated financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND" or "Dong"), which is the Company's accounting currency.

On consolidating, if the currencies used on financial statements of its subsidiaries and associate are different from that of the Company, the Company is required to translate those financial statements into the currency used in the Company's consolidated financial statements under the following principles:

- Assets, liabilities and goodwill incurred on acquisition of overseas subsidiaries is translated at actual exchange rate at the year end;
- Undistributed earnings or losses incurred after capital contribution date are translated based on the translation of income and expenses in the income statement;
- Items of the income statement and the cash flow statement are translated at the average exchange rate of the financial year if it approximates the actual rate at the time of the transaction (with the difference not exceeding 2%); and
- The cumulative amount of exchange differences is presented in a separate component of equity. Accumulated exchange differences arising from translation and attributable to the Company are presented in "Foreign exchange differences". Those arising from translation and attributable to non-controlling interests are allocated to "Non-controlling interests". Accumulated exchange differences arising from translation of unamortised goodwill are attributable to the Company.

### 2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised as income or expenses in the consolidated income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the consolidated balance sheet date are respectively translated at the buying and selling exchange rates at the consolidated balance sheet date of the commercial bank with which the Group regularly trades. Foreign currencies deposited in banks at the consolidated balance sheet date are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Group opens its foreign currency accounts. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

### 2.5 Basis of consolidation

### **Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies in order to gain future benefits from their activities generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

In a multi-phase acquisition, when determining goodwill or bargain purchase, the consideration is the sum of the total consideration on the date of acquiring control and previous considerations remeasured to fair value on the date of control acquisition.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

### Non-controlling transactions and interests

The Group applies a policy for transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with external parties to the Group.

Non-controlling interests ("NCI") are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at date of acquisition.

A divestment of the Group's interest in a subsidiary that does not result in a loss of control is accounted for as a transaction with owners. The difference between the change in the Group's share of net assets of the subsidiary and any consideration paid or received from divestment of the Group's interest in the subsidiary is recorded directly in the undistributed earnings under equity.

In a divestment of the Group's interest in a subsidiary that results in a loss of control, the difference between the Group's share in the net assets of the subsidiary and the net proceeds from divestment is recognised in the consolidated income statement. The retained interest in the entity will be accounted for as either an investment in another entity or an investment to be accounted for as equity since the divestment date.

### 2.5 Basis of consolidation (continued)

### **Associates**

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in joint ventures and associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

Subsequently, the Group's share of it's the post-acquisition profits or losses of its associates is recognised in the consolidated income statement with a corresponding increase or decrease to the carrying amount of the investment. Dividends or profits distributed from the associates must be accounted for as a reduction in the carrying value of the investment. Additionally, adjustments to the carrying value of the investment must also be made when the Group's interest changes due to changes in the equity of the investee that are not reflected in the investee's profit or loss for the accounting financial year. If the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds the carrying amount of the investment, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of associates.

Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates.

### 2.6 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary or associates at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is recognised as an asset and is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated period of benefit but not exceeding a period of 10 years.

The goodwill acquired from the purchase of an investment in a joint venture or associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment at the time of purchase. The group does not amortize this goodwill over time.

On disposal of subsidiaries, the attributable amount of unamortised goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on the disposal.

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and is tested annually for impairment. If there is evidence that the impairment during the year is higher than the annual goodwill charge, the Group records the impairment immediately in the financial year.

VOW NOW

### 2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

### 2.8 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services or non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties) or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Bad debts are written off when identified. The difference between the provision of this year and the provision of the previous year is recognised as an increase or decrease of general and administrative expenses in the year. Bad debts are written off when identified as uncollectible.

Receivables are classified into short-term and long-term receivables on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

### 2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes all costs of purchase, costs of raising, costs of conversion and other directly related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of operating activity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

The Group applies the perpetual method for inventories.

Provision is made, when necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this year and the provision of the previous year is recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the year.

111

)N , P

ΝH

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.10 Investments

### (a) Trading securities

Trading securities are securities which the Group hold for sales and hold for main purpose of trading to earn profits.

Trading securities are initially recorded at historical cost including cost of acquisition and any expenditure that is directly attributable to the cost of acquisition. Subsequently, the Legal representative reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end. The provision for diminution in value of trading securities is made when their carrying value is higher than their market value. Changes in the provision balance during the year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

The Group recognises trading securities when it has ownership of the assets, specifically as follows:

- · Listed securities are recognised at the time of order matching; and
- Unlisted securities are recognised at the time when official ownership is established in accordance with regulations.

Profit or loss from liquidation or disposal of trading securities is recognised in the consolidated income statement. The costs of trading securities disposed of are determined by using the moving weighted average method.

### (b) Investments held to maturity

Investments held to maturity are investments which the Group has positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held to maturity include term deposits, bonds and other investments held to maturity. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost. Subsequently, the Legal representative reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held to maturity is made when there is evidence that the investment is uncollectible in whole or in part. Changes in the provision balance during the year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Investments held to maturity are classified into short-term and long-term investments held to maturity on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

154

i T IÂ IÔ

1.0

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.10 Investments (continued)

### (c) Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method when preparing the consolidated financial statements (Note 2.5).

### (d) Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are investments in equity instruments of other entities without controlling rights or co-controlling rights, or without significant influence over the investee. These investments are accounted for initially at cost. Subsequently, the Legal representative reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end.

Provision for investments in other entities is made when there is a diminution in value of the investments at the year end. It is calculated based on market value if market value can be determined reliably. If market value can not be determined reliably, the provision for investments in other entities is calculated based on the loss of investees.

Changes in the provision balance during the year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

### 2.11 Fixed assets

### Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation. Historical cost includes any expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the consolidated income statement when incurred in the period.

### Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line method so as to write off the depreciable amount of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount equals to the historical cost of fixed assets recorded in the financial statements minus (-) the estimated disposal value of such assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Plants and structures	2 <b>–</b> 25 years
Machinery and equipment	2 – 20 years
• •	•
Motor vehicles	4 – 15 years
Office equipment	3 – 10 years
Computer software	2 – 8 years
Land use rights	3 - 50 years

12./Y

N

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.11 Fixed assets (continued)

Land use rights comprise of land use rights granted by the State for which land use fees are collected, land use rights acquired in a legitimate transfer, and prepaid land use rights obtained under land rental contracts which are effective before the effective date of Land law 2003 (ie. 1 July 2004) and which land use rights certificates are granted.

Definite land use rights are stated at costs less accumulated amortisation. Costs of land use rights consist of their purchase prices and any directly attributable costs in obtaining the land use rights. Land use rights are amortised using the straight-line basis over the terms of the land use rights certificates.

Indefinite land use rights are stated at costs and not amortised.

### Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the consolidated income statement.

### Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies as construction costs; costs of tools and equipment; project management expenditure; and construction consulting expenditure for qualifying in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

### 2.12 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

### 2.13 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term and long-term prepayments on the consolidated balance sheet. Short-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools that do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period not exceeding 12 months or a business cycle from the date of prepayment. Long-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools, which do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period exceeding 12 months or more than one business cycle from the date of prepayment. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Prepayments for land rental contracts which are not recorded as intangible assets as described in 2.11 are recorded as prepaid expenses and allocated using the straight-line basis over the prepaid lease term.

### 2.14 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables and not related to purchase of goods and services.

Payables are classified into short-term and long-term payables on the consolidated balance sheet based on remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

### 2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings include borrowings from banks.

Borrowings are classified into short-term and long-term based on the consolidated balance sheet based on their remaining terms from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated income statement when incurred.

### 2.16 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the year but not yet paid for, due to pending invoices or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting year.

### 2.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the level of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the year are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

### 2.18 Fund for Science and Technology development

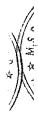
The fund for Science and Technology development is appropriated on the basis of maximum 10% of profit before tax, recognised as an operating expense in the financial year in accordance with Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued on 22 December 2014 by the Ministry of Finance and approved by the Board of Directors. This fund is presented as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet. This fund is set aside for the purpose of investment in science and technology of the Group in Vietnam.

### 2.19 Provision for severance allowances

In accordance with Vietnamese labour laws, employees of the Group who have worked regularly for full 12 months or longer are entitled to a severance allowance. The working period used for the calculation of severance allowance is the period during which the employee actually works for the Group less the period during which the employee participates in the unemployment insurance scheme in accordance with the labour regulations and the working period for which the employee has received severance allowance from the Group.

The severance allowance is accrued at the end of the reporting year on the basis that each employee is entitled half of an average monthly salary for each working year. The average monthly salary used for calculating the severance allowance is the employee contract's average salary for the six-month period prior to the consolidated balance sheet date.

This allowance will be paid as a lump sum when employees terminate their labour contracts in accordance with current regulations.



1

;[

### 2.20 Capital and reserves

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed at the par value of the shares.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

Undistributed earnings record the Group's results after CIT at the reporting date.

### 2.21 Appropriation of net profit

### Dividends

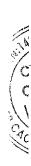
The Company's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Company's consolidated financial statements in the period based on the closing date of the list of shareholders in accordance with the Resolution of the Board of Directors after the dividend payment plan is approved at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at a General Meeting of shareholders, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Group's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

The Group's funds are as below:

### Bonus and welfare fund

The bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Group's profit after CIT and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting. This fund is presented as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet. This fund is set aside for the purpose of rewarding, encouragement, increasing common benefits and improvement of the employees' welfare and is recognised as a liability item in the consolidated balance sheet.



1

Ĉ Ĉ

ŀ

1

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.22 Revenue recognition

### (a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the consolidated income statement when all five (5) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sale obligation. If the Group gives promotional goods to customers associated with their purchases, the Group allocates the total considerations received between goods sold and promotional goods. The cost of promotional goods is recognised as cost of goods sold in the consolidated income statement.

### (b) Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the consolidated income statement when the services are rendering, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. Revenue from the rendering of services is only recognised when all four (4) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the consolidated balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

### (c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the consolidated income statement on the basis of the actual time and interest rates for each period when both (2) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- Income can be measured reliably.

126

1(-)

214.

111

**7-**H!

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.22 Revenue recognition (continued)

### (d) Dividends income

Income from dividends is recognised in the consolidated income statement when both (2) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- Income can be measured reliably.

Income from dividends is recognised when the Company has established receiving rights from investees.

### 2.23 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts, sales returns and allowances. Sales deductions incurred in the same year of the related revenue from sales of products, goods and rendering of services are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of that year.

Sales deductions for sales of products, goods or rendering of services which are sold in the year but are incurred after the consolidated balance sheet date but before the issuance of the consolidated financial statements are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of the year.

### 2.24 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are the cost of finished goods, merchandise, materials sold or services rendered during the year, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudent basis.

### 2.25 Financial expenses

Finance expenses are expenses incurred in the year for financial activities mainly including interest expense, provision for diminution in value of investments, losses from foreign exchange differences and other financial expenses.

### 2.26 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling products, goods and providing services.

### 2.27 General and administration expenses

General and administrative expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

### 2.28 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax includes all income tax which is based on taxable profits. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current year tax rates. Current and deferred income tax are recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the year, except to the extent that the income tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the consolidated balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

### 2.29 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Group, including holding companies, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and associate are related parties of the Group. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group, key management personnel, including members of Board of Directors, Legal representation of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationships with each related party, the Group considers the substance of the relationship not merely the legal form.

### 2.30 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Group engaged in sales of goods or rendering of services ("business segment"), or sales of goods or rendering of services within a particular economic environment ("geographical segment"). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. The Legal representative of the Company has determined that the business's risk and profitability are primarily influenced the fact that the Group operates in various geographical areas. As a result, the primary segment reporting of the Group is presented in respect of the Group's geographical segments.

= 1(

ŀ

ſ

### 2.31 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Legal representative to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year.

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group and that are assessed by the Legal representative to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Cash on hand Cash at banks Cash equivalents (*)	687,018,665 568,225,107,246 1,100,000,000	1,489,891,798 231,315,561,284 -
	570,012,125,911	232,805,453,082

<sup>(\*)</sup> As at 31 December 2024, cash equivalents represent term deposits in Vietnamese Dong at a commercial bank with original maturity of three months or less.

٢

### INVESTMENTS

## (a) Trading securities

	Provision VND	(12,494,171,862)	(25,344,493,169)	(340,634,597)	(38,884,103,655)
2023	Fair value VND	83,855,200,000	34,921,972,500	18,811,875,000 4,734,450,000	142,323,497,500
	Cost	96,349,371,862	60,266,465,669	19,152,509,597 5,439,254,027	181,207,601,155
	Provision VND	(11,150,374,680)	(26,741,372,069)	(2,791,428,780) (1,069,630,672)	(41,752,806,201)
2024	Fair value VND	72,303,210,000	33,525,093,600	12,476,640,000 1,536,000,000	119,840,943,600
	Cost	83,453,584,680	60,266,465,669	15,268,068,780 2,605,630,672	161,593,749,801
Shares  Nam Long Investment Corporation (NLG) Dat Xanh Real Estate Services JSC (DXS) Kinh Bac City Development Holding Corporation (KBC) Others					

# (b) Investments held to maturity

nort-term Term deposits at banks (*)

1.11 - 11

A YOM

### 4 INVESTMENTS (continued)

### (b) Investments held to maturity (continued)

(\*) As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, investments held to maturity represent term deposits with maturity of more than three months and less than one year in Vietnamese Dong, interest rate is determined on each specific case.

As at 31 December 2024, term deposit at bank with a balance of VND60,000,000,000 were pledged to Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Viet Nam – Tien Giang Branch as security for a credit facility (Note 18(a)(iv)).

(\*\*) Including bonds with maturity of 7 years from the issuance date 24 December 2020 and earning interest at floating interest rates in Vietnamese Dong.

### (c) Investment in an associate

	2	024		2023		
	Cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND	Cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND
Mai Thien Thanh Co., Ltd.	13,539,921,717	(*)	-	11,300,521,640	(*)	-
				***		-

(\*) As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the Group did not determine the fair value of this investment for disclosure in the consolidated financial statements because it does not have listed prices. The fair value of this investment may be different from its book value.

Movements of the investment in an associate during the year are as follows:

	Amount VND
As at 1 January 2023 Profit sharing from associate	10,499,827,689 800,693,951
As at 31 December 2023 Profit sharing from associate	11,300,521,640 2,239,400,077
As at 31 December 2024	13,539,921,717

### 5 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Third parties Related parties (Note 38(b))	788,969,693,133 1,062,095,692,605	623,146,667,203 815,434,986,878
	1,851,065,385,738	1,438,581,654,081

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, there were no third-party customers who had a balance accounting for 10% or more of the total short-term trade accounts receivables.

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, trade accounts receivable (no need to specify the subject, however, it must ensure that the value is not lower than the value specified in the loan agreement) with a carrying value of USD21,000,000 (equivalent to VND530,271,000,000 and VND505,680,000,000 as translated using the exchange rate as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, respectively) were pledged to ANZ Bank (Vietnam) Ltd. – Ho Chi Minh Branch as security for a credit facility (Note 18(a)(ii)).

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, trade accounts receivable (no need to specify the subject, however, it must ensure that the value is not lower than the value specified in the loan agreement) with a carrying value of VND377,000,000,000 was pledged to HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Ltd. as security for a credit facility (Note 18(a)(iii)).

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, trade accounts receivable (no need to specify the subject, however, it must ensure that the value is not lower than the value specified in the loan agreement) with a carrying value of USD15,000,000 (equivalent to VND378,765,000,000 and VND361,200,000,000 as translated using the exchange rate as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, respectively) were pledged to United Overseas Bank Limited (Vietnam) as security for a credit facility (Note 18(a)(vi)).

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the balance of short-term trade accounts receivable which were past due amounted to VND6,162,228,144.

11;

 $^{4}G$ 

PH

111

4-1.

### 6 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Third parties		
Mr. Tran Tuan Khanh (*)	13,946,380,000	13,946,380,000
Ventilex B.V	-	15,066,354,675
Others	40,373,462,657	54,489,643,633
Related parties (Note 38(b)) (*)(**)	259,933,000,000	19,933,000,000
	314,252,842,657	103,435,378,308

- (\*) As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, prepayments to suppliers, third parties and related parties, amounted to VND33,879,380,000 for the purpose of acquiring land use rights.
- (\*\*) As at 31 December 2024, the prepayment to related party amounted to VND240,000,000,000 for the purpose of acquiring land use rights and assets attached to the land from an individual related to Chairperson. As at 6 January 2025, the land use rights and assets attached to the land were transferred to the Group.

### 7 OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Advances to employees (*) Interest receivables from bank deposits Others Related parties (Note 38(b))	24,333,879,742 12,190,883,938 3,716,460,885 1,911,753,680	21,560,813,312 13,361,566,195 6,935,414,282 180,281,562
	42,152,978,245	42,038,075,351

(\*) As at 31 December 2024, the balance includes advances to employees for a total of VND22,692,494,280 (as at 31 December 2023: VND19,472,494,280) are secured by the employees with land use rights.

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, there was no balance of other short-term receivables that was past due or not past due but doubtful.

### 8 INVENTORIES

	2024		2023	
	Cost VND	Provision VND	Cost VND	Provision VND
Finished goods	1,077,338,324,367	(244,422,557,375)	1,847,154,911,125	(421,351,399,102)
Work in progress	936,414,564,634	-	1,492,279,565,367	=
Goods in transit	495,105,714,417	-	281,501,430,366	<b>_</b>
Raw materials	384,920,051,202	-	327,812,584,853	-
Properties for sales	209,349,276,732	-	209,099,276,732	-
Tools and supplies	26,300,772,752	-	22,358,969,221	-
Merchandises	17,882,606,617	-	345,858,744	_
Goods on			, .	
consignment	11,994,577,458	-	4,297,715,303	-
	3,159,305,888,179	(244,422,557,375)	4,184,850,311,711	(421,351,399,102)

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, inventories (no need to specify the quantity and type, however, it must ensure that the value is not lower than the value specified in the loan agreement) with a carrying value of USD4,000,000 (equivalent to VND101,004,000,000 and VND96,320,000,000 as translated using the exchange rate as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, respectively) were pledged to ANZ Bank (Vietnam) Ltd. — Ho Chi Minh Branch as security for a credit facility (Note 18(a)(ii)).

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, inventories (no need to specify the quantity and type, however, it must ensure that the value is not lower than the value specified in the loan agreement) with a carrying value of VND206,500,000,000 were pledged to HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Ltd. as security for a credit facility (Note 18(a)(iii)).

Movements in the provision for decline in value of inventories during the year were as follows:

	Year ended 31	December
	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year (Reversal)/increase of provision (Note 28)	421,351,399,102 (176,928,841,727)	396,329,357,303 25,022,041,799
End of year	244,422,557,375	421,351,399,102

Form B 09 - DN/HN

### 9 LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Fishpond construction and fishery		
reinforcements	98,828,832,079	109,530,697,549
Tools and supplies	34,098,239,648	28,273,556,465
Renovations	25,454,060,161	17,345,968,081
Compensation costs for land lease	15,699,643,725	16,090,506,225
Others	30,752,157,673	41,780,254,114
	204,832,933,286	213,020,982,434

As at 31 December 2024, long-term prepaid expenses related to land use rights with a carrying value of VND3,760,490,910 (as at 31 December 2023: VND3,867,842,222) were pledged as security for borrowings granted by Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – Dong Thap Branch (Note 18(a)(v)).

### 10 FIXED ASSETS

# (a) Tangible fixed assets

	Plants and structures	Machinery and equipment VND	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Others VND	Total VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2024 New purchases	1,966,158,994,126 18,237,105,511	2,828,453,308,730 80,512,070,699	107,682,793,290 6,021,055,645	42,470,917,329 340,259,444	7,251,208,321 186,135,000	4,952,017,221,796 105,296,626,299
progress (Note 11) Other increases (Note 33) Disposals	61,371,995,252	257,848,571,094 5,013,036,000 (14,083,762,067)	1,146,225,011	665,759,014 - (101,236,819)	133,600,000	321,166,150,371 5,013,036,000 (23,853,335,899)
As at 31 December 2024	2,037,855,177,576	3,157,743,224,456	113,094,654,246	43,375,698,968	7,570,943,321	5,359,639,698,567
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2024 Charge for the year Disposals	697,160,775,450 89,823,342,178 (3,059,163,822)	1,248,387,473,365 286,321,042,277 (10,393,279,561)	57,142,892,476 13,693,585,317 (342,425,943)	27,345,785,768 7,407,823,136 (92,274,184)	1,183,648,524 1,060,376,322	2,031,220,575,583 398,306,169,230 (13,887,143,510)
As at 31 December 2024	783,924,953,806	1,524,315,236,081	70,494,051,850	34,661,334,720	2,244,024,846	2,415,639,601,303
<b>Net book value</b> As at 1 January 2024 As at 31 December 2024	1,268,998,218,676	1,580,065,835,365	50,539,900,814	15,125,131,561	6,067,559,797	2,920,796,646,213





### 10 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

### (a) Tangible fixed assets (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's tangible fixed assets with a total carrying value of VND78,601,228,038 (as at 31 December 2023: VND250,102,142,982) were pledged as security for borrowings granted by Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade – Ho Chi Minh Branch (Note 18(a)(i))

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's tangible fixed assets with a total carrying value of VND4,086,522,107 (as at 31 December 2023: VND6,657,968,051) were pledged as security for borrowings granted by Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade – Dong Thap Branch (Note 18(a)(v)).

The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets but still in use as at 31 December 2024 was VND843,248,106,629 (as at 31 December 2023: VND781,753,352,718).

### (b) Intangible fixed assets

Land use rights VND	Computer software VND	Total VND
512,227,048,881	12,041,534,494 1,292,300,000	524,268,583,375 1,292,300,000
23,495,650,310	6,539,268,600	30,034,918,910
535,722,699,191	19,873,103,094	555,595,802,285
55,424,894,239	6,300,882,477	61,725,776,716
20,504,203,915	2,251,769,081	22,755,972,996
75,929,098,154	8,552,651,558	84,481,749,712
456,802,154,642	5,740,652,017	462,542,806,659
459,793,601,037	11,320,451,536	471,114,052,573
	512,227,048,881 23,495,650,310 535,722,699,191 55,424,894,239 20,504,203,915 75,929,098,154 456,802,154,642	Land use rights VND         software VND           512,227,048,881         12,041,534,494 1,292,300,000           23,495,650,310         6,539,268,600           535,722,699,191         19,873,103,094           55,424,894,239 20,504,203,915         6,300,882,477 2,251,769,081           75,929,098,154         8,552,651,558           456,802,154,642         5,740,652,017

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's land use rights with a net book value of VND34,599,950,355 (as at 31 December 2023: VND35,530,894,071) were pledged as security for borrowings granted by Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade – Ho Chi Minh Branch (Note 18(a)(i))

### (b) Intangible fixed assets (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, land use rights of the Group with a net book value of VND3,177,183,196 (as at 31 December 2023: VND3,261,346,984) were pledged as security for borrowings granted by Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade – Dong Thap Branch (Note 18(a)(vii)).

The historical cost of fully amortised intangible fixed assets as at 31 December 2024 was VND4,157,521,912 (as at 31 December 2023 was VND3,239,592,379).

### 11 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Fixed assets Expenditure related to fishponds Construction of factories and offices	68,948,772,812 23,281,063,719 8,499,402,723	71,622,687,771 29,960,823,117 55,176,150,297
Housing for employees Others	7,501,840,274 1,246,977,711	2,405,216,133 780,771,510
	109,478,057,239	159,945,648,828

Movements in the construction in progress during the year were as follows:

		Year ended 31	December
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Beginning of year	159,945,648,828	565,780,626,128
	Purchases Transfers to tangible fixed assets	304,797,057,471	461,780,563,594
	(Note 10(a)) Transfers to intangible fixed assets	(321,166,150,371)	(716,123,912,248)
	(Note 10(b))	(30,034,918,910)	(25,544,746,380)
	Transfers to inventories	(250,000,000)	(115,379,547,348)
	Others	(3,813,579,779)	(10,567,334,918)
	End of year	109,478,057,239	159,945,648,828
12	GOODWILL		
		202 <b>4</b> VND	2023 VND
	Beginning of year	225,472,979,167	260,589,658,834
	Allocation (Note 32)	(35,116,679,667)	(35,116,679,667)
	End of year	190,356,299,500	225,472,979,167
			***

# 13 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

23	Able-to-pay amount VND	303,736,863,754 4,847,299,541	308,584,163,295
2023	Value VND	303,736,863,754 4,847,299,541	308,584,163,295
2024	Able-to-pay amount VND	274,090,480,693 3,701,632,655	277,792,113,348
	Value VND	274,090,480,693 3,701,632,655	277,792,113,348
		Third parties Related parties (Note 38(b))	

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, there was no balance of short-term trade accounts payable that was past due.

# 14 TAX AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM/ PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Movements in tax and other receivables from/ payables to the State during the year were as follows:

•	As at 1.1.2024 VND	during the year VND	during the year VND	the year VND	As at 31.12.2024 VND
a) rax receivables VAT deductible	231,936,593,130	220,288,907,721	(184,491,314,932)	(70,956,150,414)	196,778,035,505
b) Tax payables CIT	125,658,570,665	185,937,868,339	(258.829.640.506)	(150.000.000)	52 616 798 498
Personal income tax	4,287,317,593	48,712,543,248	(48,428,454,748)		4,571,406,093
/AT – domestic sales	3,682,573,403	123,513,726,449	(52,391,402,424)	(70,956,150,414)	3,848,747,014
Others	83,425,260	1,937,916,548	(1,974,290,026)		47,051,782
	133,711,886,921	360,102,054,584	(361,623,787,704)	(71,106,150,414)	61,084,003,387

111 77

ii. i

### TI III

### TO MININA YOU

### 15 PAYABLES TO EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2024, the balance represents the December and 13th month salary of 2024 (as at 31 December 2023: the December and 13th month salary of 2023) payable to the Group's employees.

### 16 ACCRUED EXPENSES

		•	
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Goods in transit	32,275,332,180	141,699,052,250
	Outsourced services	21,783,663,284	22,393,791,820
	Interest expense	1,047,760,780	1,668,014,186
	Others	13,215,517,839	11,204,584,741
		68,322,274,083	176,965,442,997
17	OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES		
		2024	2023
•		VND	VND
	Related parties (Note 38(b)) Third parties	8,232,813,261	11,215,492,081
	- Union fees	48,889,937,329	50,446,597,624
	- Dividend payable	287,136,375	234,468,375
	- Other payables	37,252,613,995	36,607,619,432
		94,662,500,960	98,504,177,512

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, there was no balance of other short-term payable that was past due.

Comments Comments Section 1

### **VINH HOAN CORPORATION**

### 18 BORROWINGS

### (a) Short-term

	As at 1.1.2024 VND	Increase	Decrease VND	As at 31.12.2024 VND
Sank loans Current portion of long-term loans	2,142,886,405,831 14,500,000,000	10,620,041,480,808	(10,485,821,354,075) (14,500,000,000)	2,277,106,532,564
	2,157,386,405,831	10,620,041,480,808	(10,500,321,354,075)	2,277,106,532,564

# Details of short-term borrowings were as follows:

31.12.2023 VND	1,477,320,546,462 272,843,524,250	96,579,754,719	89,967,362,880	180,675,217,520	25,500,000,000	2,142,886,405,831
31.12.2024 VND	Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – Ho Chi Minh City Branch (i) 1,573,102,587,518 1,477,320,546,462 ANZ Bank (Vietnam) Limited – Ho Chi Minh City Branch (ii) 272,843,524,250	lent of Vietnam – Tien Giang Branch (iv)	Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – Dong Thap Branch (v) 116,847,308,785	United Overseas Bank (Vietnam) Limited (iv)	Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade – Dong Thap Branch (vii)	2,277,106,532,564 2,142,886,405,831

The balance represents borrowings in VND with specific applicable interest rates for each drawdown to finance the Group's working capital. The borrowings are secured by the land use rights and fixed asset of factories 1, 2 and 3 of the Group (Note 10).  $\equiv$ 

11.51 T 11.22

101

### 18 BORROWINGS (continued)

### (a) Short-term (continued)

- The balance represents borrowings in VND. Interest rates are specified for each drawdown to finance the working capital. The borrowings are secured by short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5) and inventories (Note 8).
- The balance represents borrowings in VND. Interest rates are specified for each drawdown to finance the working capital. The borrowings are secured by short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5) and inventories (Note 8).
- The balance represents borrowings in VND. Interest rates are specified for each drawdown to finance the working capital. The borrowings are secured by term deposits at banks (Note 4). 3
- The balance represents borrowings in VND. Interest rates are specified for each drawdown to finance the working capital. The borrowings are secured by the long-term prepaid expenses (Note 9) and fixed assets (Note 10) Σ
- The balance represents borrowings in VND. Interest rates are specified for each drawdown to finance the working capital. The borrowings are secured by short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5).  $\overline{\mathbb{S}}$
- (vii) The balance represents borrowings in VND of subsidiaries with a specific applicable interest rate for each drawdown to finance the working capital of subsidiaries. The borrowings are secured by the land use rights (Note 10).

### (b) Long-term

As at 31.12.2024 VND	1
Decrease VND	(101,863,000,000)
Increase	1
As at 1.1.2024 VND	101,863,000,000
	Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Ho Chi Minh Branch (viii)

The balance represents the loan for the expansion of the project to increase the capacity of the Group's factories. In 2024, the borrowings had been settled (<u>Xiii</u>)



オースにゅ

堂

### 19 PROVISION FOR LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Environmental restoration provision Provision for severance allowance	12,700,000,000 6,136,176,120	2,009,779,151 6,342,465,340
	18,836,176,120	8,352,244,491

### 20 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

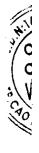
Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority and same taxable unit.

The gross movement in the deferred income tax without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, was as follows:

### (a) Deferred tax assets

	Year ended 31 I	December
·	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year Credit to consolidated income statement	2,499,442,324 2,420,583,390	2,467,879,995 31,562,329
End of year	4,920,025,714	2,499,442,324

Deferred income tax assets mainly come from provision for dismantling cost, severance allowance and temporary differences due to foreign currency translation at year-end.



川八彩

81 0°0, N /4/

### 20 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

### (b) Deferred tax liabilities

	Year ended 31 E	December
	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year (Credit)/charge to consolidated income	8,060,012,568	5,983,734,121
statement	(1,539,798,248)	2,076,278,447
End of year	6,520,214,320	8,060,012,568

Deferred income tax liabilities mainly come from provision for diminution in value of investments in subsidiaries and temporary differences due to foreign currency translation at year-end.

The corporate income tax rate used to determine the value of deferred corporate income tax assets and deferred corporate income tax liabilities for the financial year ending 31 December 2024 is 15% (2023: 15%).

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The Group's tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits within five consecutive years right after the year in which the loss was incurred. The actual amount of tax losses that can be carried forward is subject to review and approval of the tax authorities and may be different from the figures presented in consolidated financial statements. The estimated amount of tax losses available to offset against the Group's future taxable profit, detail is as follows:

Year of tax loss	Status of tax authorities' review	Tax loss incurred VND	Tax loss utilised VND	Tax loss carried forward VND
2020	Finalised	7,609,404,893	(7,609,404,893)	
2020	Outstanding	851,916,316	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	851,916,316
2021	Outstanding	3,221,663,021	(381,733,634)	2,839,929,387
2022	Outstanding	13,506,461,246	(6,912,178,346)	6,594,282,900
2023	Outstanding	48,956,092,522	<u>-</u>	48,956,092,522
2024	Outstanding	26,740,983,045		26,740,983,045

The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets relating to the above tax losses carried forward, as the realisation of the related tax benefits of each subsidiary through future taxable profits to be generated by such subsidiaries currently cannot be assessed as probable.

12

H4 PH NG

/H-1.

### 21 BONUS AND WELFARE FUND

Movements of bonus and welfare fund during the year were as follows:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year Appropriation Utilisation	130,877,205,827 - (27,785,179,100)	35,037,037,060 130,761,617,062 (34,921,448,295)
End of year	103,092,026,727	130,877,205,827

### 22 FUND FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

Movements of fund for science and technology development during the year were as follows:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year Increase in year (Note 32) (*) Use in year	303,524,687 30,700,000,000 (39,932,088)	343,456,775 - (39,932,088)
End of year	30,963,592,599	303,524,687

<sup>(\*)</sup> According to Resolution No. 2612-24/VHC.NQ-HDQT24 dated 26 December 2024 and No. 11/2024/QD-HDQT dated 31 December 2024, the Board of Directors approved the decision to appropriate VND30,700,000,000 from the profit before tax. The fund is to be used for the purpose of investment in science and technology of the Group.

### 23 OWNERS' CAPITAL

### (a) Number of ordinary shares

	2024	2023
Number of shares registered	187,044,495	183,376,956
Number of shares issued Number of shares issued of employee stock	187,044,495	183,376,956
ownership plan ("ESOP") (Note 24) Share dividends (Note 24)	- 37,408,664	3,667,539
Number of existing shares in circulation	224,453,159	187,044,495

### (b) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares VND
As at 1 January 2023	183,376,956	1,833,769,560,000
Issuance of ESOP (Note 24)	3,667,539	36,675,390,000
As at 31 December 2023	187,044,495	1,870,444,950,000
Share dividends (Note 24)	37,408,664	374,086,640,000
As at 31 December 2024	224,453,159	2,244,531,590,000

Par value per share: VND10,000.

## 24 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total VND	7,694,388,198,987 20,000,000,000 973,756,841,307 36,675,390,000 (130,761,617,062)	(1,400,000,000) 61,215,907 (1,664,253,000)	8,591,055,776,139 1,302,647,623,375 (620,525,549) (448,906,318,000) (448,906,318,000) (1,664,253,000)	8,993,605,984,965
Non-controlling interests VND	170,986,188,998 .20,000,000,000 54,565,808,342	(361,246,297) - (1,664,253,000)	243,526,498,043 76,442,685,180	318,304,930,223
Undistributed earnings VND	5,425,873,335,830 919,191,032,965 (130,761,617,062)	(1,038,753,703)	6,213,263,998,030 1,226,204,938,195 (374,086,640,000) (448,906,318,000) (448,906,318,000)	6,167,569,660,225
Foreign exchange differences VND	197,824,481	- 61,215,907 -	259,040,388 - (620,525,549)	(361,485,161)
Share premium VND	263,561,289,678 - -	1 1 1	263,561,289,678	263,561,289,678
Owners' capital VND	1,833,769,560,000 - 36,675,390,000	1 1 1	1,870,444,950,000 374,086,640,000	2,244,531,590,000
	As at 1 January 2023 Capital increased during the year Net profit for the year Issuance of ESOP Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund	Change in ownersing in subsidiaries without loss of control Exchange differences arising from translation Dividend paid to NCI	As at 31 December 2023  Net profit for the year Share dividends (*)  Exchange differences arising from translation 2023 interim dividends declared (**) 2024 interim dividends declared (**) Dividend paid to NC!	As at 31 December 2024

- Pursuant to the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 2012-23/VHC.NQ-VHC23 dated 20 December 2023, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the payment of 2022 dividends in shares at a rate of 20% of the total number of ordinary shares in circulation, equivalent to 37,408,664 shares. The Company has closed the shareholder list on 4 January 2024 to make the above dividend payment. €
- Pursuant to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 01/DHCD/NQ/23 dated 15 May 2023 and the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 1101-24/BB-HDQT24 dated 11 January 2024, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders approved the advance payment of 2023 dividends in cash at a rate of 20% of par value. The Company has closed the shareholder list on 19 Febuary 2024 to make the above dividend payment. **£**
- Pursuant to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 01/DHCD/NQ/24 dated 17 April 2024 and the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 0611A-24/BB-HDQT24 dated 06 November 2024, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders approved the advance payment of 2024 dividends in cash at a rate of 20% of par value. The Company has closed the shareholder list on 5 December 2024 to make the above dividend payment. \*\*\*

The Company has fulfilled all obligations to pay dividends in shares and cash as mentioned above as at 9 January 2024, 29 February 2024 and 18 December 2024, respectively.

### 25 EARNINGS PER SHARE AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

### (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare fund by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, excluding ordinary shares repurchased by the Group and held as treasury shares. The details were as below:

	2024	2023 (*)
Net profit attributable to shareholders (VND)	1,226,204,938,195	919,191,032,965
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares) Basic earnings per share (VND)	224,043,201 5,473	224,043,201 4,103

(\*) Basic earnings per share of the year 2023 were recalculated to adjustments for dividends by share as follows:

	For the year ended 31.12.2023		
	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated
Net profit attributable to shareholders (VND) Weighted average number of ordinary shares	919,191,032,965	-	919,191,032,965
in circulation (shares)	183,909,503	40,133,698	224,043,201
Basic earnings per share (VND)	4,998		4,103

### (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The Company did not have any ordinary shares potentially diluted during the financial year and up to the date of this consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.



### 26 OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

### (a) Operating leases commitments

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are presented in Note 39.

### (b) Foreign currencies

	2024	2023
United States Dollar ("USD")	20,661,462	3,053,340
Chinese Yuan Renminbi ("CNY")	2,189	2,374
Singapore Dollar ("SGD")	1,567	1,567
Euro ("EUR")	2,640	1,730
Australian Dollar ("AUD")	100	100
, , ,		

### 27 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Revenue		
Revenue from sales of finished goods		
and merchandises	10,484,498,914,323	8,081,752,003,602
Revenue from sales of by-products	1,809,240,168,416	1,658,837,215,563
Revenue from sales of raw materials	109,522,712,375	216,777,966,307
Revenue from rendering of services	164,541,508,110	118,401,631,096
	12,567,803,303,224	10,075,768,816,568
Sales deductions		
Sales returns	(33, 124, 487, 016)	(25,881,284,237)
Trade discounts	(21,212,388,479)	(16,645,972,237)
Sales allowances	(672,946,684)	(225,108,000)
	(55,009,822,179)	(42,752,364,474)
Net revenue from sales of goods and		
rendering of services	12,512,793,481,045	10,033,016,452,094

Form B 09 - DN/HN

1

16 16 16

ĮÃ.

228,560,765,049

			Form B 08 - DN/HN
28	COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES	RENDERED	
		2024 VND	<b>202</b> 3 VND
	Cost of finished goods and merchandises sold Cost of by-products sold Cost of raw materials sold Cost of services rendered (Reversal of provision)/provision for	8,843,320,213,225 1,710,239,676,542 120,598,767,410 120,522,882,498	6,710,361,187,461 1,495,828,238,789 237,993,397,356 70,986,912,830
	decline in value of inventories (Note 8)	(176,928,841,727)	25,022,041,799
		10,617,752,697,948	8,540,191,778,235
29	FINANCIAL INCOME		-
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Realised foreign exchange gains Interest income from deposits Net gain from foreign currency translation	264,427,917,279 110,691,635,554	211,201,389,311 116,829,010,584
	at year-end Interest income on the advances for	27,022,141,806	30,553,815,599
	purchases of raw materials Dividend received Income from trading securities	16,796,385,497 2,679,709,700 1,694,023,331	16,901,225,009 1,561,587,000
		423,311,813,167	377,047,027,503
30	FINANCIAL EXPENSES	<del></del>	
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Realised foreign exchange losses Interest expense Provision/(reversal of provision) for	140,403,259,999 73,329,339,325	126,876,520,622 133,346,693,090
	diminution in value of security investments Loss from trading securities Others	2,868,702,545 152,969,804 -	(37,714,415,503) 5,757,203,535 294,763,305

216,754,271,673

Form B 09 - DN/HN

He lon

23,155,469,799

31,217,534,422

### 100

۲N

### 34 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

The Group's subsidiaries are entitled to CIT tax rate base on their industries and according to their investment registration certificate. The Group's subsidiaries are eligible for tax incentives associated with investment projects and the expansion of investment projects, difficulty socio-economic areas and business lines including seafood processing activities, investment in seafood preservation, cultivation, processing of agricultural products, investment in post-harvest preservation of agricultural products.

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate (20%) as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Accounting profit before tax	1,484,625,110,076	1,145,028,260,383
Tax calculated at a rate of 20% Effect of:	296,925,022,015	229,005,652,077
Income not subject to tax	(535,941,940)	(312,317,400)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Interest expenses not deductible	3,372,149,191	6,782,888,600
according to Decree 132/2020/ND-CP Temporary differences with no deferred	-	4,577,893,780
income tax was recognised  Tax losses for which no deferred income	(2,346,406,434)	(714,032,037)
tax asset was recognised  Deductible interest expense according to  Circular 132/2020/TT-BTC carried from	5,348,196,609	9,791,218,507
previous years Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax loss	(1,201,063,235)	(5,967,549,774)
Tax incentive	(118,945,059,574)	(87,538,024,354)
(Over)/under provision in previous years	(639,409,931)	15,645,689,677
CIT charge (*)	181,977,486,701	171,271,419,076
Charged/(credit) to the consolidated income statement:		
CIT – current	185,937,868,339	169,226,702,958
CIT – deferred	(3,960,381,638)	2,044,716,118
	181,977,486,701	171,271,419,076

<sup>(\*)</sup> The CIT charge for the financial year is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

įG ≱H

### 35 COST OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

Costs of operation by factor represent all costs incurred during the year from the Group's operating activities, excluding cost of merchandise for trading activities. The details were as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Raw materials Outsourced services Labour costs	10,031,448,811,422 1,686,098,733,405 1,300,955,848,619	10,257,695,388,193 1,293,424,778,421 1,054,368,522,643
Depreciation, amortisation and allocation of goodwill Other cash expenses	456,178,821,893 214,263,563,290	402,253,182,629 399,009,915,136
	13,688,945,778,629	13,406,751,787,022
In which: Internal circulation activities between fellow group companies (*)	6,973,759,601,219	6,753,130,356,105

<sup>(\*)</sup> Internal circulation activities are primarily involve the purchasing and selling of raw materials between fellow group companies.

### 36 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group's activities are mainly segmented by export and domestic activities. As a result, the primary segment reporting of the Group is presented in respect of the Group's geographical segment.

The segment report is prepared for corporate management purposes. The Group does not monitor its operation results, fixed assets, other non-current assets or non-cash major expenses by the geographical areas of customers.

### Geographical segments:

Segment information based on the geographical location of the Group is as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Export revenue  Domestic revenue	9,088,111,349,285 3,424,682,131,760	7,968,784,053,858 2,064,232,398,236
Net revenue	12,512,793,481,045	10,033,016,452,094

### Business activity segments:

Growing, processing and trading aquatic products are the main activities that generate revenue and profit for the Group, while the other revenue streams only account for a small portion of the Group's total revenue; therefore, the Board of Management has determined that the Group has operated in only one business segment.

### 37 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE ITEMS OF THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

### Non-cash transactions affecting the consolidated statement of cash flows

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Share dividends Transfers from construction in progress to	374,086,640,000	-
tangible fixed assets  Prepayment to supppliers for purchasing of	321,166,150,371	115,379,547,348
fixed assets and other long-term assets  Purchase of fixed assets and other long-	291,319,068,570	50,507,091,292
term assets that have not been settled  Transfers from construction in progress to	31,233,176,074	56,562,304,217
intangible fixed assets  Transfers from construction in progress to	30,034,918,910	25,544,746,380
inventories	250,000,000	

### 38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Group had transactions and balances with the below related parties:

4 1	_		_
N	а	m	е

Coast Beacon Inc.
Phu Si Packaging Company Limited
Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export Company Limited
Van Duc Food Company Limited
Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate Trading
Company Limited
Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited
Individuals

### Relationship

Related company of Chairperson Related company of Chairperson Related company of Chairperson Related company of Chairperson

Related company of Chairperson Associate Shareholders and other individuals related to Chairperson



### 38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

### (a) Related party transactions

The primary transactions with related parties incurred in the financial year are:

		2024 VND	2023 VND
i)	Sales of goods and services		
	Coast Beacon Inc. Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export	3,763,418,052,879	2,956,985,484,545
	Company Limited	1,347,143,381,467	673,776,012,205
	Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited Van Duc Food Company Limited	302,389,604 208,797,692	1,057,319,968 1,132,146,620
	Individuals	40,127,520,000	27,004,650,000
		5,151,200,141,642	3,659,955,613,338
ii)	Purchases of goods and services		
	Phu Si Packaging Company Limited Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export	91,407,932,567	74,279,099,242
	Company Limited	25,397,336,791	25,182,962,339
	Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate	22,799,112,200	18,311,402,000
	Trading Company Limited	4,866,786,246	4,676,209,857
	Van Duc Food Company Limited	543,837,037	2,377,300,000
	Coast Beacon Inc.	3,919,916	405,620,000
	Individuals	33,455,391,920	51,641,083,160
		178,474,316,677	176,873,676,598
iii)	Sales of fixed assets		
	Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export		
	Company Limited	350,000,000	-
	Van Duc Food Company Limited		116,150,000
		350,000,000	116,150,000
iv)	Purchases of fixed assets		
	Van Duc Food Company Limited	-	1,712,145,565
	Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited		60,000,000
		-	1,772,145,565

v)

### 38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

### (a) Related party transactions (continued)

			2024 VND	2023 VND
)	Compensation of key ma	anagement		
	ESOP (shares)		•	1,133,900
	Gross salaries and other	r benefits	20,910,642,000	22,469,940,000
	Board of Directors Board of Managements		12,470,642,000	13,339,940,000
	Truong Thi Le Khanh Nguyen Ngo Vi Tam Truong Tuyet Hoa Nguyen Thi Kim Dao	Chairperson Member Member Member	5,060,000,000 650,000,000 650,000,000 650,000,000	5,750,000,000 650,000,000 650,000,000 650,000,000
	Bui Ba Trung	Independent member Independent	520,000,000	264,516,000
	Nguyen Bao Anh Le Van Nhat	member Independent	260,000,000	132,258,000
	(until 12 May 2023) Nguyen Van Khanh	member	-	255,484,000
	(until 12 May 2023)	Member	-	63,871,000
	Board of Supervision Nguyen Thi Cam Van Nguyen Quang Vinh Mai Thanh Trong Nhan Phan Thi Kim Hoa	Head Member Member	260,000,000 260,000,000 130,000,000	260,000,000 260,000,000 66,129,000
	(until 12 May 2023)	Member	-	127,742,000



ÔNG

### 38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

### (b) Year balances with related parties

•		
	2024 VND	2023 VND
Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5	)	
Coast Beacon Inc. Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export	1,008,011,918,716	799,975,819,981
Company Limited  Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited  Van Duc Food Company Limited	53,382,319,147 3,055,045	15,133,604,806 33,383,520
Individuals	698,399,697	101,378,571 190,800,000
-	1,062,095,692,605	815,434,986,878
Short-term prepayments to suppliers (Note 6)		
Individuals	259,933,000,000	19,933,000,000
Other short-term receivables (Note 7)		
Board of Management and Board of Directors	1,911,753,680	180,281,562
Other long-term receivables		
Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate Trading Company Limited	<u>-</u>	1,322,542,800
Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 13)		
Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited Phu Si Packaging Company Limited Van Duc Food Company Limited Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate Trading	1,963,148,832 1,611,575,244 121,680,000	2,154,607,440 1,841,558,101 145,800,000
Company Limited  Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export Company Limite	5,228,579 ed -	- 705,334,000
	3,701,632,655	4,847,299,541
Other short-term payables (Note 17)		
Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export Company Limited Van Duc Food Company Limited	7,274,752,965 958,060,296	8,506,154,131 2,709,337,950
	8,232,813,261	11,215,492,081
·		

### 39 COMMITMENTS

### (a) Commitments under operating leases

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Within one year Between one and five years Over five years	8,953,280,221 31,254,402,179 103,493,017,090	11,881,692,324 28,901,244,375 97,611,687,897
	143,700,699,490	138,394,624,596

### (b) Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had capital expenditure commitments to build factory and purchase machinery at Thanh Binh Dong Thap One Member Company Limited, Vinh Hoan Fish Hatchery Co., Ltd and Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Corporation which contracted for at the consolidated balance sheet date but not recognised in the consolidated financial statements with the total estimated amount VND7,576,499,525 (as at 31 December 2023: VND65,704,625,803).

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Legal-representative on 28 March

2025.

Ha Thi Phuong Thuy Hong Nhung Preparer and Chief Accountant

Munh

Truong Thi Le Khanh Legal representative